



EDITING SENTENCES

On your own

Match the definition to the term.

Subject	a. It is a noun or pronoun that receives the action of a verb or shows the result of the action. It answers the question "What?" after an action verb.	
Transitive verb	b. It is the part of the sentence or clause about which something is being said. It is usually the doer of the action. It is a noun or a pronoun.	
Direct object/object of the verb	c. It is the noun or pronoun that comes after the preposition.	
Object of preposition	d. It is an action verb (that is, it is neither a linking verb nor an auxiliary verb) which does not have a direct object.	
Intransitive verb	e. It can either be a predicate noun, which renames the subject, or a predicate adjective, which describes the subject	
Subject complement	f. An incomplete sentence.	
Fragment	g. An action verb which has a direct object. The action is being done to something or someone.	

With a partner

Write a sentence about your study habits with as many of the following as possible:

- An independent clause
- A dependent clause
 - Adverb clause
 - Adjective clause
 - Noun clause
- Phrases
 - prepositional phrase
 - gerund phrase or infinitive phrase

Identify the following in your sentence:

- Independent clause
- Dependent clause
 - Adverb clause
 - Adjective clause
 - Noun clause
- Subjects/verb
- Objects/subject complements (new terminology)
- Phrases
 - prepositional phrase
 - gerund phrase or infinitive phrase

Extra Resources

For more information and interactive quizzes, access the following websites:

Beginning http://grammar.ccc.commnet.edu/grammar/quiz_list.htm

Intermediate http://wps.ablongman.com/long_anson_lwc_3/24/6157/1576434.cw/index.html

Advanced <http://www.ucalgary.ca/UofC/eduweb/grammar/>