

## Participatory Governance Definitions

Council	A primary participatory governance body: PBC, IPC, SSPC, and EAPC, whose membership is representative of all four college constituency groups—students, faculty, classified staff, and administration
Senate	Academic, Classified and Student Senates each represent a single college constituency group. (These may include subcommittees per their bylaws.)
College Committee	<p>Participatory governance bodies (with <i>at least</i> one of each of the four college constituency groups in their membership) each responsible for a specific plan. College Committees complete the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Draft the plan (based on the college plan template to ensure alignment with college goals and accreditation objectives/standards)</li> <li>• Solicit input and seek approval for plan from each Planning Council</li> <li>• Submit plan to PBC for final review and approval</li> <li>• Monitor college-wide implementation of the committee plan</li> <li>• Report annually to PBC on the progress made toward achieving the committee plan</li> </ul>
Task Force or <i>ad hoc</i> Work Group	Small groups created by a Planning Council or a Committee for a short time—less than a year—for a defined “task” or purpose. The membership of the Task Force relies on topic experts, interested parties, and may include representation of college constituency groups as determined by the founding Planning Council or Committee.
Operational Groups	Operational groups, for example, like iDeans or College Council, serve College functions or specific purposes related to college operations. Likewise, Professional Development (Article 13) or Evaluation Guidance Committees fulfill faculty contract obligations. They serve operational functions per the faculty contract. Operational groups are not college participatory governance planning committees.