

**Draft**

Cañada College

**Student Learning Outcomes Manual**

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# **Student Learning Outcomes (SLO) or Service Area Outcome (SAO)**

## **Introduction**

Cañada College follows a dual approach to learning outcomes. Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) are statements about what students will think, know, feel or be able to do as a result of an educational experience. At Cañada College, SLOs exist at the course, program and institutional (General Education) level. Assessment is done at the course level, with curriculum maps demonstrating alignment from the course up through program and institutional levels. Campus-wide institutional assessments are conducted each spring semester.

Services Area outcomes (SAOs) are statements describing what the student services and administrative units intend to accomplish or achieve in support of student learning. Assessment of SAOs may come in the form of surveys across student services and administrative units related to “client satisfaction.”

Assessment is the continuous process of collecting, evaluating, and using information to determine if and how well performance matches learning or service expectations. For assessment to be truly effective, it must be authentic, meaningful, reflective and self-regulated. The purpose of assessment is to use the results, strength or challenge, to inform meaningful dialogue about how instruction and non-instructional services can be modified to engage students in the learning process and sustain institutional effectiveness.

## **SLO or SAO?**

Topic of Interest

Does it deal with learning?

Does it deal with a course?

Does it deal with a service?

No

Yes

No

Yes

No

Yes

Call Research

**Program Level SLO**

Call Research

**Service Area Outcome (SAO)**

**Course Level SLO**

No

Yes

Does it deal with a program?

# **Student Learning Outcomes and Assessment Cycle**

The Student Learning Outcomes and Assessment initiative at Cañada College is led by the Student Learning Outcome Advisory Committee, under the auspices of the Academic Senate and the Senate's Curriculum Committee. As of XXX, the SLO Advisory Committee was integrated into the Planning & Budget Council work group. Faculty and Student Service staff use a team approach toward developing and strengthening student learning outcomes and assessments for their courses and the programs at the college. Along with the Curriculum Committee, the Student Learning Outcomes Coordinator led the effort to coordinate the institutional, program, and course level student learning outcomes.

## **Instructional SLOAC Philosophy Statement for Cañada College**

*Adopted by the Academic Senate: Oct. 27, 2005*

[*http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/SLOAC-Philosophy-FINAL.pdf*](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/SLOAC-Philosophy-FINAL.pdf)

Cañada College is committed to facilitating student success. One means to fulfill this mission is through the Student Learning Outcomes Assessment Cycle (SLOAC), which asks campus constituents to engage in reflective practice. SLOAC will not interfere with the academic freedom and professional rights of faculty under the 10+1 agreement.

**What is SLOAC?**

SLOAC: Student Learning Outcomes and Assessment Cycle.

* Student Learning Outcomes (SLO's) are explicit statements describing knowledge, skills, abilities, and attitudes that a student will be able to demonstrate at the end (or as a result) of his or her engagement in a particular lesson, course, program, or collegiate experience.
* Assessment is the systematic collection of information about student learning and the use of that information to improve the learning and teaching process.
* After reflecting on the results, we "close the loop" by addressing ways to improve our services. The cycle continues for self-reflection and continuous conversations with our colleagues regarding curriculum. The results of this cycle will improve teaching

**Why SLOAC?**

* To improve student learning and services. A student-centered institution should be self-reflective in order to gauge its effectiveness in an institutional, student-services, departmental, and course level because it is mandated by the accreditation commission. In 2002, Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC) revised their standards to include the language of SLO's and assessments.

**Who will be involved with SLOAC?**

All the different college constituents must have a part in SLOAC. However, SLOAC must be a faculty driven initiative.

* Instructional SLOAC: Faculty are the experts! In collaborative settings within departments, the faculty will identify SLO's and assessments, and develop criteria by which student progress may be evaluated. Faculty shall maintain ownership of SLOAC.
* Institutional SLOAC: The faculty, in consultation with the entire college community, will shape, design, and disseminate institutional activities and will identify the core knowledge and skills that our students need to master.
* Student Services SLOAC: The division and departments of student services will develop and design student outcomes and develop assessments.

**Where can we expect to see and implement SLOAC?**

Program review:

Our program reviews ask for bi-annual reports on sample results of assessments of student learning outcomes. The bi-annual results of some assessments can stimulate departmental conversations regarding programs, curricula as well as on going student feedback.

Website:

Our institution will develop and maintain as SLOAC website to document the progress of our campus programs.

**What is SLOAC for?**

* SLOAC provides improved feedback, guidance, and mentoring to students in order to help them better plan and execute their educational goals
* SLOAC provides improved feedback about student learning to support faculty in their work.
* SLOAC helps us design and modify programs to better promote student learning and success.
* SLOAC develops common definitions for and gauges of important student abilities that will enable us to act more coherently and effectively to promote student learning.
* SLOAC helps us understand how different groups of students experience the college differently so as to adapt our courses and programs to the needs and capacities of all students.
* SLOAC helps us understand how our different courses and programs affect students over time so that we can better coordinate and sequence the student's experience to produce more and deeper learning.
* SLOAC provides staff and students with opportunities to reflect on their practice and their learning.

**What is SLOAC NOT for?**

* SLOAC will NOT use assessment of student learning as an end to itself. Assessment that does not help us to promote student learning is a waste of time.
* SLOAC will NOT use assessment of student learning punitively or as a means of determining faculty or staff salaries or rewards. The purpose of assessment is to evaluate student learning, not to reward or punish faculty or staff.
* SLOAC will NOT use any single mode of assessment to answer all questions or strictly determine program decisions.
* SLOAC will NOT use assessment in a way that will impinge upon the academic freedom or professional rights of faculty. Individual faculty members must continue to exercise their best professional judgment in matters of grading and discipline.
* SLOAC will NOT assume that assessment can answer all questions about all students.
* We need not directly assess all students in order to learn about the effectiveness of our programs and policies.
* SLOAC will NOT assume that assessment is quantitative. While numerical scales or rubrics (such as the four-point grading scale) can be useful, their accuracy always depends on the clear understanding of the concepts behind the numbers. Often the best indicator of student learning can be expressed better as a narrative or a performance than as a number.
* SLOAC will NOT use assessment only to evaluate the end of the student's experience or merely to be accountable to outside parties. Assessment must be ongoing observation of what we believe is important.
* SLOAC will NOT assume that **assessment is only grading.**

*Adopted by the Academic Senate: October 27, 2005*

## **What are Goals?**

* Goals are broad statements about educational purpose for a specific lesson, course, program or institution.
* For example, at the institutional level, it can be the mission statement. At the course level, the goal can answer the question, "Why do I have to take this class?"

## **What are Course Objectives?**

* Objectives represent valuable skills, tools, or content the enable a student to engage a particular subject. The focus is on content and skill important within the classroom or program; what the staff and faculty will do.
* Objectives can often be numerous, specific, and detailed. Assessing and reporting on each objective for each student may be impossible.

**SLOs and Course Objectives**

Another question that arises occasionally is, “Aren’t course objectives the same thing as course learning outcomes?”

As our accrediting body, the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges (ACCJC) has reminded us in its Newsletter March 2009, <http://www.accjc.org/wp-content/uploads/2010/09/March%202009%20newsletter.pdf>

The “course” objectives specified by the California public college system’s Academic Senate, for example, are defined as follows: “Objectives are the key elements which must be taught each time the course is taught.”(The Course Outline of Record: A Curriculum Reference Guide, adopted spring 2008 by the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges.) Course SLOs are the intended learning outcomes; objectives are the things that must be taught and/or covered in order to achieve those learning outcomes. Sometimes, these things are very close; often, they are quite distinct.” (March, 2009 ACCJC Newsletter, p. 3).

## **What are Student Learning Outcomes?**

A Student Learning Outcome is a clear statement of what a student should learn and be able to demonstrate upon completing a course or program. It describes the assessable and measurable **knowledge**, **skills**, **abilities** or **attitudes** that students should attain by the end of a learning process.

A “student” can include anyone engaged in learning including:

* Cañada students
* Cañada faculty
* Cañada staff
* Cañada community members

A “Learning process” can include:

* A topic or unit
* A course
* A program
* A certificate

It is imperative to note here that faculty have the responsibility for SLOs, and thus, the authority on how they will be developed and assessed.

* Student Learning Outcomes are explicit statements describing knowledge, skills, abilities, and attitudes that a student will be able to demonstrate at the end (or as a result) of his or her engagement in a particular lesson, course, program, or collegiate experience.
* Student Learning Outcomes address the learning from the student's point of view: "At the end of this course, the student will be able to ... "

## **SLOs and Grades**

Occasionally the question will arise, “Why aren’t grades considered learning outcomes?” This chart demonstrates the difference between and SLO and a grade:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Criteria | Student 1 | Student 2 | Student 3 | Student 4 | Average SLO Assessment |
| Interviews and Participant Observation  (up to 4 points) | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Library and Internet Resources  (up to 4 points) | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Content  (up to 2 points) | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1.5 |
| Mechanics  (up to 2 point) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| Assignment totals: | 11 | 8 | 7 | 4 |  |
| Grades | A | B | C | D |  |

In summary, the grade is the indicator of the student’s overall achievement at the end of the course. The SLO assessment, on the other hand, indicates at a more micro-level how learning went over on specific criteria, enabling the faculty member to proceed with interventions as necessary.

## **What are Assessments?**

* Assessments are methods that an institution employs to gather evidence and evaluate quality. -- ACCJC Standards Glossary
* Assessment is the systematic collection of information about student learning and the use of that information to improve the learning and teaching process in the classroom, department and general education programs.   
  -- Janice Denton (Effective Grading by Walvoord & Anderson)

## **Must SLOs be consistent across all sections?**

Again, to quote from the ACCJC, **“**With SLOs defined in part as the foundation of a course, the ACCJC requirement is that each course has a single set of SLOs that is common to all sections/classes of the course, no matter who teaches the section or class (Standards II.A.6 and II.A.6.c.). This assures that all students will know what to expect as the potential outcomes of completing a course successfully. (March, 2009 ACCJC Newsletter, p. 3).

## **Writing S.M.A.R.T. SLOs**

* **S**pecific – clear, definite terms describing the abilities, knowledge, values, attitudes and performance desired. Use action words or concrete verbs.
* **M**easurable – Your SLO should have a measurable outcome and a target can be set, so that you can determine when you have reached it.
* **A**chievable – Know the outcome is something your students can accomplish
* **R**ealistic – make sure the outcome is practical in that it can be achieved in a reasonable time frame
* **T**ime-bound – When will the outcome be done? Identify a specific timeframe.

## **Assessment Process**

Cañada College assesses all student learning outcomes at the course level. Assessments take several forms, with the pre/post test being the most regular used form of assessment. Other forms of assessment include the embedded assessment, capstone e-portfolios, and student rubric.

The Office of Planning, Research, and Institutional Effectiveness bears the primary responsibility for assessment, when individual faculty needs assistance. The SLO Coordinator (a) assists with the SLO cycle before and after the assessment, (b) supports faculty to engage in SLO development and assessment not because it is a requirement for accreditation but rather because it is good professional practice that can benefit programs and students, and (c) empowers faculty to improve their professional abilities as educators and to encourage meaningful collegial dialogue about improving student learning and program effectiveness.

**Assessment Alignment**

Instructional SLOs

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Student Services SLOs

Course level SLO evidence is housed in TracDat. The alignment reports are posted at this website. <http://www.canadacollege.edu/academics/PLO%20Results.php>

The actual PLOs results reports are posted at the SharePoint (internal secure site and login and password are required) that all faculty and staff can access. The reflections of the PLO results are captured in each of program review reports that are posted at this website. <http://www.canadacollege.edu/programreview/index.php>

**Important Process**

1. How many SLOs should I have per course?  
   At least 3 SLOs ~~(per ASJCC standards)~~ for each course.
2. Do SLOs need to be included on a course syllabus?  
   Yes (per ACCJC standards). Every syllabus must clearly list the Course SLOs.
3. How often should I assess those SLOs?  
   Each course should have at least one SLO assessed per term that the course is taught. Some assessments provide data for 2 or more SLOs –great! In that case, you can report on 2 SLOs. Department faculty can determine which SLOs will be assessed each term for each course. One strategy might be to assess the same SLO for 2 consecutive terms, measuring the effects of any changes in the course made as a response to the first term’s assessments. Each SLO for a course should be assessed at least once during a 4-year cycle.

### When do I file my assessment results?

You file your assessment results after assessment and reflection are completed on a SLO for a course. This could be anytime during the term the course is taught, and no later than 7 days after grades are due for that term. This allows you time to discuss with colleagues any changes that might be implemented before the following term starts.

For instruction to TracDat, please see Appendix A.

# **College Institutional Learning Outcomes (ILO) and Program Level Learning Outcomes (PLO)**

## **College Student Learning Outcomes**

Adopted 9/13/2007, Modified 2/2012, Modified 11/20/2013

1. **Critical Thinking**  
   Select, evaluate, and use information to investigate a point of view, support a conclusion, or engage in problem solving.
2. **Creativity**  
   Produce, combine, or synthesize ideas in creative ways within or across disciplines.
3. **Communication**  
   Use language to effectively convey an idea or a set of facts, including the accurate use of source material and evidence according to institutional and discipline standards.
4. **Community**  
   Understand and interpret various points of view that emerge from a diverse world of peoples and cultures.
5. **Quantitative Reasoning**  
   Represent complex data in various mathematical forms (e.g., equations, graphs, diagrams, tables, and words) and analyze these data to draw appropriate conclusions.

The Institutional Learning Outcomes parallel our General Education Learning Outcomes which the Curriculum Committee APPROVED 11/18/11. The Institutional Learning Outcomes were revised and adopted by the ASGC (11/14/13) and Planning & Budgeting Council (11/20/13).

## **EXAMPLES OF COURSE AND PROGRAM LEVEL SLOs**

**Course Level SLOs**

* BIOL 100: Organize, analyze, and successfully communicate scientific data with clear and meaningful explanations and evaluation.
* ESL 400: Compose college-level expository essays based on response to college-level texts incorporating research following MLA guidelines.
* Health Science 100: common health problems, treatments - describe prevalent contemporary health concerns and problems, their characteristics and methods of care including (but not limited to) nutrition, mental health conditions, chronic illnesses and infectious diseases.
* Architect: Utilize appropriate tools and equipment for drafting interior spaces; create a set of drawings to scale of an interior space that meets the specifications and techniques of architectural drafting. (Created By CAN Dept - Architecture)
* Multimedia Arts: Students will be able to describe and defend their definition of six Graphic Design Principles; Balance, Proximity, Alignment, Unity, Emphasis and Rhythm.
* ENGR 100: Formulate and perform elementary engineering calculations to aid the selection of the best design for a simple device.
* ART 204: Students analyze works of drawing, identify basic techniques used in their execution, and make critical aesthetic judgments based on the use of formal elements of art.
* MEDA 100: Identify the principles of medical ethics and the law to the medical field.
* ASTR 100: Students will be able to identify changes in source temperature based on spectral shifts.
* ANTH 126: Classify humans by their evolutionary origins.
* PHIL 190: Students will be able to define, explain, analyze and evaluate philosophers' core concepts and theories.
* PHYC 106: The student will be able to identify prejudice attitudes directed toward people that are representative members of specific social groups.
* MATH 111: Students will be able to Solve linear algebraic equations and inequalities that model a given application.
* English 100: Students will draft a well-supported, argumentative, text-based essay.
* English 826: Students will incorporate new vocabulary into writing.
* PLSC 103: Compare and contrast the basic elements of deductive and inductive reasoning. Identify the major logical fallacies.
* GEOG 100: Describe the structure and properties of the atmosphere.
* ECON 230: The Economics of Slavery - Define, understand and apply economic principles in the context of explaining the rise of plantation system and slavery.
* COMM 127: Classify and analyze common fallacies of language and thought in argumentative prose and/or oral presentations.
* DANC 220: Students will be able to perform three blocks of choreography without rest for 20 minutes.
* SPAN 140: Produce and interpret oral and written Spanish at approximately an Advanced High level, as defined by the ACTFL (American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages)

**Program Level SLOs**

<http://www.canadacollege.edu/academics/learningoutcomes.php>

* Students completing Accounting program will be able to: Design and manage business documents using current technology to engage in creative problem solving.
* Students completing Art program will be able to: Apply critical thinking in the creative process.
* Students completing Biological Science program will be able to: Use the Scientific Method to investigate biological questions and critically evaluate and effectively communicate scientific data.
* Students completing Early Childhood program will be able to: Communicate their understanding of Early Childhood Education/Child Development concepts professionally through written, oral and visual presentations.
* Students completing Economics program will be able to: Analyze social science concepts and theories.
* Students completing University Transfer program will be able to: Select, evaluate, and use information to solve problems, investigate a point of view, support a conclusion, or engage in creative expression.
* Students completing Spanish program will be able to: Compare and contrast cultural elements from Spanish speaking countries with their own culture, both within the Latino culture in the United States and American culture in general.
* Students completing Psychology program will be able to: Evaluate diverse viewpoints related to the human experience.
* Students completing Paralegal program will be able to: Use effectively both book and electronic legal research tools, and to identify and use primary and secondary law sources.
* Students completing Music program will be able to: Use the language of the discipline; demonstrate to command of critical vocabulary.
* Students completing Multimedia Art program will be able to: Communicate design concepts clearly and concisely (i.e. visual, oral and written).
* Students completing Medical Assisting program will be able to: Apply their education and training to begin employment in health care.
* Students completing Kinesiology, Athletics, and Dance program will be able to: Recognize and evaluate the importance of physical activity in leading a healthy, functional lifestyle and in creating or increasing a sense of well-being. Assessment: written test, student log.
* Students completing Human Services program will be able to: View the client as a whole person in the context of family and community in assessing the client’s strengths and needs.
* Students completing English As A Second Language program will be able to: Produce and interpret oral and written English at an advanced level in order to successfully enter academic or career pathways.
* Students completing English program will be able to: Critically analyze written and oral arguments.
* Students completing Math program will be able to: Use symbolic, graphical, numerical, and written representations of mathematical ideas.
* Students completing Engineering program will be able to: Apply knowledge of math, science, and engineering or computer science to identify, formulate, and solve engineering/computer science problems.
* Financial Literacy: After attending a FAFSA Tuesday workshop, students will be able to name the next three steps they should follow after submitting their FAFSA online.
* Learning Center: After completing Tutor Training, tutors will be able to evaluate how well they have done.
* Orientation, Assessment, and Registration: After attending a New Student Orientation session students will identify more correct answers (out of 11questions in the post survey) regarding important college information needed to be successful in their academic and career goals.
* Student Life: Students will learn how to plan event, know more about campus programs, the diverse cultures on campus and become aware of the social justice needs that exist in our community and in our world.
* EOPS, CARE, CalWORKs/TRiO/V-ROC/BTO: After meeting with a program counselor, a student is able to increase their level of understanding of graduation and/or transfer requirements.
* Transfer/Articulation: students will be able utilizing transfer and articulation services to complete their transfer goals including the AA-T and AS-T degrees.

# **Service Area Outcomes**

## **What is a Service Area Outcome (SAO)?**

A Service Area Outcome (SAO) is a statement about what **a client** will experience, receive, or understand as a result of **a given service**.

A client can be anyone receiving a service, including:

* Cañada students
* Cañada faculty
* Cañada staff
* Cañada Community members

A service can include the following:

* Training sessions
* Admission and Records
* Welcome Center
* Development of facilities
* Professional development

SAOs are statements that identify client responses to a certain service that your department provides. They identify activities that are critical and central to the unit. Designed and developed by your department, these statements provide evidence that positive client reaction has occurred as a result of a specific service. These statements are very similar to SLOs in that they examine the result of an experience but SAOs deal exclusively with non-instructional services provided to students or other members of the campus community. The Printing Services department has the following SAO: “Faculty will experience improved access to Printing Services by making it easy to submit print jobs via the web.”

It is imperative to note that your department (faculty, managers, and classified staff) has the responsibility for SAOs, how they are designed developed, and how they are assessed.

SAOs are connected to planning. The objective is developed and assessed. Then, the data is collected, summarized and analyzed. From the results, the unit plans for improvement. Improvements could include increased staff development, equipment purchases, software modifications, and process development.

SAOs are generally tied to the non-instructional areas of student support services or administrative units that provides any service to any individuals (whether they are students or not) in order to directly or indirectly maximize student success.

## **Must SAOs be consistent across all services?**

Although ACCJC has developed rubrics to measure institutional effectiveness, planning and learning outcomes, SAOs, specifically, have not yet been addressed (or required) by ACCJC.

## **Examples of SAOs**

* Counseling: Increase the number of students who visit the counseling center to create a Student Educational Plan (SEP) each semester.
* Financial Literacy: Increase FAFSA application rate by 10% from 2011-12 aid year to 2012-2013 aid year
* Orientation, Assessment, and Registration: Improve connections with potential students by providing more information about assessment testing.
* EOPS, CARE, CalWORKs/TRiO/V-ROC/BTO: strengthen our system of tracking student contacts and incentivizing it with retained active status and/or intrinsic academic rewards such as book vouchers, grants, cultural enrichment, equipment.
* Transfer/Articulation: to enhance the Transfer Center in-reach activities, such as presenting the transfer information in the classrooms at different educational level, provide transfer information specific to majors for a cohort group, and to enhance the Transfer Center webpage to increase the retention and number of transfer students.

# **Advisory Committee**

As of January 2012, the committee consists of:

Coordinator: Carol Rhodes

ASGC President: David Clay

Science/Tech Rep: Ray Lapuz

Business,Workforce Rep: Leonor Cabrera

Humanities & Social Sciences Rep: Lisa Palmer

Student Services Rep: Rita Sabbadini

Director of Planning, Research, & Student Success: Greg Stoup

Administrators: VPI Sarah Perkins, Deans David Johnson, Linda Hayes

As of XXX, the SLO Advisory Committee was dissolved and is integrated to be part of Planning & Budgeting Council (PBC) work group. The PBC SLO work group consists of:

Coordinator: Carol Rhodes (IPC, faculty)

Academic Senate President: Doug Hirzel (PBC, faculty)

Dean of Planning, Research, and Institutional Effectiveness: Chialin Hsieh (APC, admin)

Dean of Counseling: Kim Lopez (SSPC, admin)

Science/Tech Rep: Ray Lapuz

Business,Workforce Rep: Leonor Cabrera

Humanities & Social Sciences Rep: Lisa Palmer

# **Role of Deans in the Assessment Process**

Academic Senate Votes Approval of SLO Resolutions (Please go to Appendix B for the full text):

*RESOLVED, That the Academic Senate of Cañada College maintains that the development and assessment of student and program learning outcomes falls under* ***the purview of the faculty****;*

*FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Academic Senate of Cañada College maintains that the processes established for assessment of student and program learning outcomes should be designed to empower faculty to improve their professional abilities as educators and to* ***encourage meaningful collegial dialogue about improving student learning and program effectiveness****.*

Based on the SLO Resolutions, the role of deans in Cañada College is to facilitate and encourage meaningful dialogue of SLO results (including PLO and ILO) to improve student learning and program effectiveness by providing time, space, and support. The dialogue focuses on program improvement, curriculum alignments, student learning, and best practice on pedagogies, not faculty evaluation. Summaries of dialogue will be maintained and used for program review report, as well as the ACCJC Annual Report.

The Office of Planning, Research, and Institutional Effectiveness bears the primary responsibility for assessment, when individual faculty needs assistance.

The SLO Coordinator (a) assists with the SLO cycle before and after the assessment, (b) supports faculty to engage in SLO development and assessment not because it is a requirement for accreditation but rather because it is good professional practice that can benefit programs and students, and (c) empowers faculty to improve their professional abilities as educators and to encourage meaningful collegial dialogue about improving student learning and program effectiveness. <http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/updates.html>

# **Institutional-Set Standard for Institutional Learning Outcomes**

At the recent ACCJC SLO training (fall 2013), ACCJC indicates that colleges should establish its Institutional-Set Standard for Institutional Learning Outcomes (ILO).

Cañada College measures ILO using multiple measures: (a) student survey; (b) student graduation survey; (c) SLO results for each of 5 ILOs; (d) e-portfolio; and (e) Community College Survey for Student Engagement.

The results from student survey and student graduation survey present similar findings that graduates indicated agree and strongly agree on their leaning at Cañada College. Using 4-point Likert Scale 1 means strongly disagree and 4 means strongly agree, the average range for 5 ILOs is from 3.24 to 3.36. Graduates had higher rating for the 5 ILOs and average range is from 3.40 to 3.84. Detailed reports are available in this website. <http://www.canadacollege.edu/academics/iloassessment.php>

Cañada’s Institutional-Set Standard for ILO is 3.25. This Institutional-Set Standard is discussed and approved by Planning and Budgeting Council in fall 2014. (Place holder)

# **Update for 2013-2014**

* Timeline shifts: the SLO assessment and program review timeline was moved from late spring (April) to early spring (January).
* Revised Program Review Template and improved the questions about SLOs from whether program has PLO to what are the changes made as a result of PLO assessment.
* Inclusion of SLO in faculty evaluation is added to the new contract language that will be ratified during opening week (August 14, 2014).
* PLO Results for each academic program are available in SharePoint.
* PLO Results for each certificates and degrees are available in SharePoint.
* ILO Results (including e-portfolio) are available at the website.
* Institutional-set Standard for ILO is discussed and approved by PBC. (Place holder).
* Please add updates. I know I missed lots of activities that you did since accreditation visit.

# **Appendix**

## **FAQs for SLOAC at Cañada College**

<http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/plans.html>

<http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/Guidelines%20for%20SLOAC_12_11.docx>

1. **How many SLOs should I have per course?**  
   At least 3 SLOs (~~per ASJCC standards~~) for each course.
2. **Do SLOs need to be included on a course syllabus?**  
   Yes (per ACCJC standards). Every syllabus must clearly list the Course SLOs.
3. **How often should I assess those SLOs?**  
   Each course should have at least one SLO assessed per term that the course is taught. Some assessments provide data for 2 or more SLOs –great! In that case, you can report on 2 SLOs. Department faculty can determine which SLOs will be assessed each term for each course.   
   One strategy might be to assess the same SLO for 2 consecutive terms, measuring the effects of any changes in the course made as a response to the first term’s assessments.  
   Each SLO for a course should be assessed at least once during a 4-year cycle.
4. **When do I file my assessment results?**

After assessment and reflection are completed on a SLO for a course. This could be anytime during the term the course is taught, and no later than 7 days after grades are due for that term. This allows you time to discuss with colleagues any changes that might be implemented before the following term starts.

1. **How do I file those results?**

If you did not notify the Lead Faculty last Flex Day of the course and SLO that you were planning to assess this term, then do that now. They will make that an assignment in Tracdat and forward you an email containing a link.  Note the course number listed in the email. Click on that link to go straight to the Results page for that SLO.

1. **The results from last term are in the field box where I should file this term’s results. Now what?**

Now click “Assignment Completed” at the bottom of that page and request the Lead Faculty send out another assignment link.

1. **What’s next?**

* Assemble any data you have that assesses student achievement for that SLO.
* If you plan to upload any supporting documents, name them as follows:

**Course Number\_SLOnickname\_Results and term**.   “SLO nickname” is the first text in the SLO field.

Examples are:

BIOL132\_scimethod\_resultsSp10

ENGL100\_essay\_resultsF10

Other document types in these folders could be **rubric, assignment, testquestion**.  We need to easily find **results** versus these other doc types.

* Go to the link in that email.  It will list the SLO and have a blank field for RESULTS.  You know which course it refers to because you wrote that down earlier. It may not be included in the open window. Describe the results, in a narrative form or whatever way seems appropriate.
* Select one choice from the RESULT TYPE drop down menu: Criterion MET, UNMET, or INCONCLUSIVE.  You don’t need quantitatively significant data to make a conclusion. Use your professional judgment in addition to any evidence. In other words, did students achieve the SLO?
* Below that Results field are the highlighted words “Related Documents”.  Click here to get a screen that lets you upload docs from your computer or from the web (select “browse” and select doc or link to url).  The Documents should be filed in the course folder from the drop down menu for FOLDERS.  If the correct course folder is not listed here, then the Faculty Lead needs to create them. That’s the person that sent you the email with this assignment.
* ACTION PLAN drop down menu: Action completed, Action in Progress, or no Action Needed. If you select “Action in Progress”, then another box opens with space to describe the action and deadline and who is responsible for it.  Go ahead and fill these fields in, as needed.  Not every tracdat request will ask you to do these Action Plans, as there will be one Action Plan per SLO and someone else may be assigned to enter that plan.
* Once you hit SUBMIT, there’s no returning to any of these fields. After you SUBMIT, there will be an option to select ASSIGNMENT COMPLETED, but don’t do this! It will block anyone else from adding their results. Simply close the window.

1. **Records of Student Learning Outcomes and Assessments for both academic courses and student service programs are** kept in the [TracDat database](https://sanmateo.tracdat.com/tracdat/), with summary reports on the [SLOAC Sharepoint site,](http://sharepoint.smccd.edu/SiteDirectory/CANSLOAC/Instruction%20Course%20SLOs/Forms/AllItems.aspx) and in [program review documentation](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/research/programreview/programreview.html).

* [Sharepoint - Internal SLOAC Website](http://sharepoint.smccd.edu/SiteDirectory/CANSLOAC) (available for Cañada SLO collaboration)  
   **username:** your district email address including the @smccd.edu   
  (example: [mac@smccd.edu](mailto:mac@smccd.edu))  
  **password:** your district email password

## **Updates**

**Academic Senate Votes Approval of SLO Resolutions**

Faculty campus-wide voted to approve 4 Resolutions pertaining to Student Learning Outcomes that were proposed by Doug Hirzel, Biology Professor and Accreditation CoChair. The Resolutions affirm the primacy of faculty in the SLO process, support publication of SLOs to students, restate opposition to use of SLO achievement in faculty evaluations, and urge our District to work with ACCJC and faculty to agree on not using achievement of SLOs in teaching evaluations.

**RESOLUTION 1:**

**Support of Faculty Primacy in the Development and Assessment of Student Learning Outcomes and in Their Use to Improve Student Learning and Program Effectiveness**

WHEREAS, The professional duties and responsibilities of faculty include evaluation of student performance and evaluation and revision of courses and programs (*AFT Contract 2006-2009 Appendix D*);

WHEREAS, The Academic Senate of Cañada College maintains the primary, active and essential role of faculty in the development and use of SLOs; the SLO Assessment Cycle is not intrusive on the principle of academic freedom or the professional rights of faculty under the 10+1 agreement (*Instructional SLOAC Philosophy Statement for Cañada College, 2005*);

WHEREAS, Cañada College lists as one of its strategic goals to “Base all curricular and programming decisions on data driven strategies;” (Goal 1, *Educational Master Plan of 2008-2012)*

WHEREAS, Cañada College identifies the assessment of institutional SLOs as a tool for improving effectiveness in teaching and learning (Strategic Direction 1, *Educational Master Plan of 2012-15*);

WHEREAS, The California Education Code §70902 (b) (7) makes direct reference to “the right of academic senates to assume primary responsibility for making recommendations in the areas of curriculum and academic standards;”

WHEREAS, The 2002 Accreditation Standards of ACCJC require that colleges incorporate measurable student learning outcomes at the course, program, degree and institutional levels;

WHEREAS, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges maintains that “outcomes assessment is a productive activity that can improve teaching practices and thus enhance student learning,” and that “faculty should engage in SLO development and assessment not because it is a requirement for accreditation but rather because it is good professional practice that can benefit programs and students” (*Guiding Principles for SLO Assessment, 2010*);

WHEREAS, the development and assessment of student and program learning outcomes does not infringe upon Academic Freedom as such is defined by the *1940 Statement of Principles on Academic Freedom and Tenure with 1970 Interpretive Comments* (AAUP Policy Tenth Edition 2006);

RESOLVED, That the Academic Senate of Cañada College maintains that the development and assessment of student and program learning outcomes falls under the purview of the faculty;

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Academic Senate of Cañada College maintains that the processes established for assessment of student and program learning outcomes should be designed to empower faculty to improve their professional abilities as educators and to encourage meaningful collegial dialogue about improving student learning and program effectiveness.

**RESOLUTION 2:**

**Support of Publication of Student and Program Learning Outcomes**

WHEREAS, The values of Cañada College include student success, accountability and transparency (*Educational Master Plan of 2012-15*);

WHEREAS, “SLOAC provides improved feedback, guidance, and mentoring to students in order to help them better plan and execute their educational goals” (*Instructional SLOAC Philosophy Statement for Cañada College,* 2005);

WHEREAS, When academic standards and expectations are made transparent, students have a clear understanding of what is required of them in order to attain a desired level of academic success;

WHEREAS, Many students experience greater motivation to learn when they understand how a course or program may benefit them and further their educational and professional goals;

WHEREAS, Student Learning Outcomes are a binding part and driving force of what is taught since faculty are required to follow the principles of the course outline of record, but faculty retain academic freedom in HOW they help students to achieve the SLOs;

WHEREAS, Recognition and implementation of specified student learning outcomes ensures that a student taking any section of a course will be expected to achieve the same fundamental outcomes, regardless of the method of instruction utilized;

WHEREAS, The Academic Senate for California Community Collegessupports the alignment of SLOs from the course level upward through the program and institutional level (*Guiding Principles for SLO Assessment,* 2010);

WHEREAS, Standard II.A.6 of the 2002 Accreditation Standards requires that the college “describes its degrees and certificates in terms of their purpose, content, course requirements, and expected student learning outcomes. In every class section students receive a course syllabus that specifies learning outcomes consistent with those in the institution’s officially approved course outline;”

WHEREAS, In its *Rubric for Evaluating Institutional Effectiveness - Part III: Student Learning Outcomes*, ACCJC requires that “students demonstrate awareness of goals and purposes of courses and programs in which they are enrolled;”

RESOLVED, That the Academic Senate of Cañada College strongly encourages all faculty to promote transparency and accountability by including student learning outcomes in their course syllabus and supports the publication of learning outcomes for programs in the Cañada College Catalog and on the Cañada College website.

**RESOLUTION 3:**

**Opposition to the Use of Student Learning Outcome Attainment in Faculty Evaluation**

WHEREAS, The evaluation of faculty is a contractual issue whose process is governed by the Collective Bargaining Agreement between the SMCCCD and the faculty, represented by the San Mateo Community College Federation of Teachers, AFT 1493;

WHEREAS, Standard III.A.1.c of the 2002 Accreditation Standards states, “Faculty and others directly responsible for student progress toward achieving stated student learning outcomes have, as a component of their evaluation, effectiveness in producing those learning outcomes;”

WHEREAS, Varying and conflicting interpretations of Standard III.A.1.c have caused concern among faculty and institutions and have not been clarified by the “Questions to Use in Institutional Evaluation” provided by the ACCJC *Guide to Evaluating Institutions,* 2011;

WHEREAS, The Academic Senate of Cañada College declared that SLOAC will not be used “punitively or as a means of determining faculty or staff salaries or rewards” (*Instructional SLOAC Philosophy Statement for Cañada College,* 2005);

WHEREAS, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges states that “using SLOs as a basis for faculty evaluations (III.A.1.c) demonstrates an egregious disregard for local bargaining authority and interjects a threatening tone into what the ACCJC claims is a collegial peer process” (*The Accreditation Standards: Implementation,* 2004);

WHEREAS, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges affirmed its “opposition to including the attainment of student learning outcomes as an aspect of individual faculty evaluations,” and declared its intent to work with ACCJC “to ensure that accreditation recommendations do not use student learning outcomes in any manner that would undermine either local bargaining authority or the academic freedom of individual faculty members” (Resolution 2.01, 2008);

RESOLVED, That the Academic Senate of Cañada College affirms that the attainment of student learning outcomes should not be used as an aspect of individual faculty evaluation;

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Academic Senate of Cañada College will work with the ACCJC and with other concerned statewide faculty organizations to ensure that accreditation recommendations do not use student learning outcomes in any manner that would undermine either local bargaining processes or the academic freedom of individual faculty members.

**RESOLUTION 4:**

**Support for the PETF to Address the ACCJC Requirement Pertaining to the role of SLOAC in Faculty Evaluation**

WHEREAS, The evaluation of faculty is a contractual issue whose process is governed by the Collective Bargaining Agreement between the SMCCCD and the faculty, represented by the San Mateo Community College Federation of Teachers, AFT 1493;

WHEREAS, The faculty of Cañada College are committed to the development, use and assessment of student learning outcomes and program learning outcomes as a means of improving student learning and program effectiveness (*Instructional SLOAC Philosophy Statement for Cañada College,* 2005);

WHEREAS, Standard III.A.1.c of the 2002 Accreditation Standards states, “Faculty and others directly responsible for student progress toward achieving stated student learning outcomes have, as a component of their evaluation, effectiveness in producing those learning outcomes;”

WHEREAS, The Academic Senate of Cañada College is opposed to including the attainment [emphasis added] of student learning outcomes as an aspect of individual faculty evaluations;

WHEREAS, Reflection and self-assessment practices are hallmarks of good educators, and evaluation and revision of curricula and programs fall under the purview of faculty;

RESOLVED, That the Academic Senate of Cañada College supports the Performance Evaluation Task Force in developing an effective and legal method to address the ACCJC requirement pertaining to faculty evaluation and student learning outcomes.

*http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/updates.html*

April 25, 2012.

## **C. Program Learning Outcomes now part of Tracdat and College Catalog**

All Programs now have their PLOs (reviewed March 11, 2012 on Flex Day) as part of the Program database in Tracdat. In addition these PLOs will be published in the next College Catalog in Fall 2012.

## **D. Course SLOs results are reported directly into Tracdat.**

Filing Results in TracDat – Quick Guide 1/18/2012 C Rhodes

IMPORTANT: If you choose to have someone else enter your Results, please send the information indicated below for each SLO that you are assessing.

Here’s how it works:

1. You receive an email, forwarded to you by a Faculty Lead for TracDat, that asks you to file results for a particular SLO for a course.  Note the course number and assemble your assessment results for that SLO.
2. TIP: If you plan to upload any supporting documents, name them as follows:

Course Number\_SLOnickname\_Results and term.   “SLO nickname” is the first text in the SLO field. Examples are:  BIOL132\_scimethod\_resultsSp10          ENGL100\_thesis\_resultsF10

Other document types in these folders will be rubric, assignment, testquestion.  We need to easily find RESULTS versus these other doc types.   
  
    3.  Go to the link in that email.  It will list the SLO and have a blank field for RESULTS.  You know which course it refers to because you wrote that down earlier. Describe the results, in a narrative form or whatever way seems appropriate. You can include your interpretation of the Results, as shown below in this example.  
   4.  Select one choice from the RESULT TYPE drop down menu: Criterion MET, UNMET, or INCONCLUSIVE.  You don’t need quantitatively significant data to make a conclusion. Use your professional judgment in addition to any evidence. In other words, did students achieve the SLO?

5. Today’s date will show in the Result Date window. That’s fine – nothing needed.

6. Reporting Cycle – Select the academic year in which the assessments were made.

7.  Click on “Related Documents” to get a screen that lets you upload docs from your computer or from the web (select “browse” and select doc or link to url).  The Documents should be filed in the appropriate course folder.

8. ACTION PLAN drop down menu: Action completed, Action in Progress, or no Action Needed. If you select “Action in Progress”, then another box opens with space to describe the action and deadline and who is responsible for it.  Go ahead and fill these fields in, as needed.



## 

## **E. Events**

**ePortfolios Workshop Session, Nov 2, 2012**

Katherine Lewis and Dr. David Hubert, SLCC, will lead a working session on designing and using eportfolios for assessing GE outcomes and Program outcomes. Come with your program colleagues to start planning how eportfolios might be used in your Program. For details, see the CIETL site.

**Flex Days, August 15 & 16, 2012**

Keynote speaker for District Welcome Day is Dr. David Hubert, Salt Lake CC, discussing his college's work with eportfolios and assessments. For details, see the agenda on the [CIETL site.](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/CIETL/events.html)

**Flex Day, March 9, 2012**

Program SLOs, assessments plans, and Annual Program Reviews download agenda for Program meetings: [tasks and links to resources](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/Flex%20Day%203_9_12.docx) or check here for direct links to resources for Program Learning Outcomes and Assessment Plans.

These references may aid you in designing assessments for PLOs.

1. Authentic Assessment Toolbox [http://jfmueller.faculty.noctrl.edu/toolbox/howdoyoudoit.htm](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/%20http:/jfmueller.faculty.noctrl.edu/toolbox/howdoyoudoit.htm)  
step by step directions for creating and measuring performance on authentic tasks, including examples. Especially good section on rubrics.  
  
2. Broader resource – National Institute for Learning Outcomes Assessment. Articles, reports on many topics related to assessment.  
[www.learningoutcomeassessment.org/ToolKit.htm.](http://www.learningoutcomeassessment.org/ToolKit.htm.)  
  
4. University of West Florida - generally good examples of Program SLOs and specific assessments  
[http://uwf.edu/cutla/alc.cfm](http://uwf.edu/cutla/alc.cfm%20)  
  
5. University of Hawaii - step by step how-to resources with examples from many specific programs.  
[http://manoa.hawaii.edu/assessment/](http://manoa.hawaii.edu/assessment/%20)  
  
6. Cañada Collegeexamples of specific PLOs and assessment plans, as well as general instructions on creating them.  
[http://www.chaffey.edu/slo/prg\_evidence.html#F](http://www.chaffey.edu/slo/prg_evidence.html#F%20)  
  
“Not all that can be measured is important and not all that is important can be measured. “ (easily or reliably) – Albert Einstein.

Results Oriented Assessment for Student Affairs - February 2, 2012 Webinar-Kim Lopez

Join colleagues in the CIETL center, 9-154, to participate in and discuss this webinar from 11:00 am -12:30 pm

Tracdat training, basic and advanced, Friday, Jan 27. 2012

Come at 9:00 for the basics of using tracdat; join in at 10:30 to learn the nuances of running reports, including custom reports. CIETL center, 9-154

**Flex Days, Jan 12 and 13, 2012**

Sessions address assessment of Program SLOs and alignment with Course and Institutional SLOs. Agenda and presentations can be found here. <http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/CIETL/Flex%20day.html>

Creating Digital Artifacts to Assess Learning

Thursday, November 3, 10 am -12 noon CIETL Center 9-154

Conversations with Colleagues: Discussions About Standards

Thu, October 6, 2011, 2:30pm – 3:30pm; CIETL Center 9-154

**Flex Days, Aug 15 and 16, 2011**

Sessions, grouped according to Programs, will focus on review of Course SLO Assessment Results and creating Action Plans. [Agend, Presentation, Handout with tasks to be completed.](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/CIETL/Flex%20day.html)

How Do We Know What Students Are Learning? Friday, April 27, 2011

Assessment workshop on Friday, April 27, 2011 at 9:00 am in 9-257, the Math Lab

**Flex Day, Friday, March 11, 2011**

A full day of technology forums for faculty and staff, including how to use technology for easy assessment of Course SLOs

**Flex Days, August 14, 15, 2010**

Part of these days is set aside for developing Course SLOs and discussing assessment plans with colleagues.

**Flex Day, March 8, 2010**

Choose among the workshops on SLOs, Assessment Strategies, and Tracdat Training

**Flex Days, January 14, 15, 2010**

Complete the Matrix Alignment Sheets with your colleagues in preparation for Program assessments.

**Flex Days, August 17, 18, 2009**

Welcome and kickoff for the new academic year! Polish those SLOs with help from the SLOAC ADvisory committee members and your colleagues.

Workshop: May 1, 2009 at 12:30 in 3-148

What's Attitude Got to Do With It? Everything! Cañada College psychology professor Ben Stefonik explained why all instructors, regardless of subject, need to be aware of student attitudes and how learning can change those attitudes. He gave us several examples of assessment methods and how to use them, using **Classroom Assessment Techniques** as a guide. Participants received their own copy of this book.

**FLEX Day: March 11th, 2009 starts at 8:00 in the Main Theater**

This is an all-day opportunity for faculty and Student Services staff to work with colleagues on SLOs, assessments, and reflections, as well as Program Reviews (biannual updates or the 6-yr review). The [agenda](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/minutes/Agenda_FlexDay_031109.docx) gives specifics of time and locations for discipline-specific workgroups.

The lunchtime speaker, Dr Cathleen Kennedy, has extensive experience in student learning and assessment and will discuss tools that we can use to measure student progress.

Workshop: Feb 27th, 2009 at 12 noon in 16-212, the newly renovated biology lab.

Dean Janet Stringer reprised her popular talk “Writing Great Multiple Choice Questions”. Participants measured their test-taking strategies on a MC quiz and learned how to reduce the effect of “good-guessing” on exam scores. Instructors left with new insight and their own copy of Classroom Assessment Techniques: A Handbook, as well as having "experimented" in our new bio lab.

Also available on an ongoing basis:

Dr. Nathan Staples will demonstrate use of the new Scantron Reader in bldg 13. These are small hands-on sessions; please contact me directly to schedule this training.

Feb 6, 2009 12-1 in 9-106

Greg Stoup presented “SLO Analysis in 10 Minutes” to a group of 17 faculty and staff on Friday, Feb 6. In addition to revealing the virtues of different rubrics, Greg showed us how to put an excel spreadsheet through its paces and come up with insightful views of the data.  
Those who attended were presented with their very own copy of Classroom Assessment Techniques: A Handbook by Angelo and Cross. If you could not attend click below to view and listen to the presentation.

Workshop Presentation: [How to Build an Assessment Instrument in 10 Minutes](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/presentations/SLO_Workshop_Assessment_Tools.swf)

Companion Presentation: [Assessment Tool Demo](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/presentations/slo_demo_retake.swf)

November 19, 2008 2:30-4:30 rm 2-10

San Francisco State University Professor Helen Gillotte-Tropp and Professor Sugie Goen-Salter will present a workshop for faculty from all disciplines. This session will provide tools for teaching, scaffolding, and designing assignments that will provoke active learning and metacognition among students and more productivity in the classroom.

November 18, 2008 2:45-4:00 pm rm 3-148

Director Greg Stoup will discuss various types of assessments and their suitability for different purposes.

October 27, 2008 2:00-4:00 rm 3-148

SoTL faculty from CSM and Cañada will present their work of the past year.

October 15, 2008 2:45-4:00 pm

Dean Janet Stringer discussed How to Write Multiple Choice Questions, based on her experience with authoring National Board exams. Janet enlightened us as to how to interpret the analysis of the new Scantron reader, such that test questions can be crafted to serve their purpose. A [summary of guidelines](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/MCQhandout.docx) is available.

August 15, 2008

FLEX Day for instructional FT and PT faculty on campus. SLOAC workshops were held, as described in the [agenda.](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/minutes/FlexAgendaAug08.pdf) Participation by faculty and [SLO results](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/SLOAC%20Flex%20summary_8_15_08.docx) are reported here, including evaluations of the usefulness of the day's activities.

Video from Fredriksberg Community College, along with our own SLOAC Players: [The Assessment Zone](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UA9A7aoyo4A)

April 15, 2008

Cañada Faculty Symposium  
"ePortfolios for Assessment and Student Success"  
Prof. Jean Mach,  
CSM Professor of English,  
WAC (Writing Across the Curriculum) and  
SoTL (Scholarship of Teaching and Learning) Coordinator Tuesday, April 15,  
2:00 3-148

April 11, 2008

SLO Regional Coordinators Meeting Skyline College Sponsored by our very own District Academic Senate

March 28, 2008

Information about Special SLOAC Day

March 14, 2008

Student Services  
Student Learning Outcomes and Assessment Retreat  
For more information, click here.

February 29, 2008:

Assessment Workshop by Jerry Rudman  
CSM Cafeteria  
9am-12noon: Instructional SLOs and Assessments  
1pm-4pm: Student Services SAOs and Assessments

Instructional Faculty

\* Powerpoint Presentation (ppt)  
\* Handouts (doc)

Student Services

\* Powerpoint Presentation (ppt)  
\* Handouts (doc)  
\* Goal Clarity Handout (pdf)

## **F. Resources**

### TracDat User Guides

* This large [pdf file](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/TracDat%20User%20Guide%20_Ver_7.pdf) contains step-by-step directions, with screenshots of Tracdat pages, for the basic steps of using this software at Cañada. Note especially the "Before You Start" section to save you some time.
* This version is an [abbreviated guide](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/Tracdat_quick%20guide_9_12.docx) to common tasks.

### TracDat Training Modules as powerpoint slides:

* [How to enter Results or submit Results for entry](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/Reporting%20results%20to%20Tracdat_5_23_12.docx) (Word docx)
* [How to add or edit a course SLO](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/Tracdat%20training%20module%202.pptx)
* [How to add or edit an assessment](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/Tracdat%20training%20module%203.pptx)
* [How to assign an assessment](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/Tracdat%20training%20module%204-2.pptx)

### Best Places to Start when Creating SLOs:

* Presentation at SLOAC Summit, March 28, 2008, at Cañada College [powerpoint slides on getting started with SLOs](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/assessmentzonevideo/SLOAC%20Summit%20March%2028%202008.ppt)
* [Cañada College's SLO Handbook](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/research/slos/documents/STUDENT%20SERVICES%20SLO%20GUIDE%20BOOK.pdf) - a concise guide to developing measurable learning outcomes
* Janet Fulks Online Resource - The guru of community college SLOAC explains it all, outcomes to assessments to reflection, including pitfalls to avoid.
* <http://online.bakersfieldcollege.edu/courseassessment/>

### Other Campuses Modeling SLOs and Assessments

* College of San Mateo posts all course SLOs where students, as well as staff and faculty, can readily find them: <http://collegeofsanmateo.edu/sloac/slos.asp>
* Here's a site by Cañada Collegewith useful inks to Program SLOs and assessment methods used by different colleges: <http://www.chaffey.edu/slo/toolkit.html>
* The RP Group (Research and Planning Group for California Community Colleges) has lots of resources <http://www.rpgroup.org/resources>
* [Skyline](http://www.smccd.net/accounts/csmsloac/) College SLO site
* Raymond Walters College (University of Cincinnati, OH) and Janice Denton's college [Assessment... and how we do it.](http://www.rwc.uc.edu/phillips/index_assess.html)
* Miramar College in San Diego  
  -- [Lisa Brewster's Presentation at Miramar](http://econ.sdccd.net/thelearninginstitute/fourthfriday/fourthfriday_0926.html)

### Further Resources

* [Carnegie institute - Informative Assessment](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/Carnegie%20Informative%20assessment.pdf)
* [Assessing Core Outcomes (ppt)](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/AssessingCoreOutcomes.ppt)
* [Assessment Techniques (pdf)](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/Assessment_Techniques.pdf)
* [Grading for Student Learning](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/docs/Grading%20for%20student%20learning.pdf)
* Greg Stoup's workshop on "SLO Analysis in Ten Minutes"
* Workshop Presentation: [How to Build an Assessment Instrument in 10 Minutes](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/sloac_assessment_workshop.swf)
* Companion Presentation: [Assessment Tool Demo](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/presentations/slo_demo_retake.swf)

#### Classroom Assessment Techniques: A Handbook for College Teachers

* Authors: Thomas A. Angelo and K. Patricia Cross  
  Publisher: Jossey-Bass Inc., 1993  
    
  This is an excellent resource for implementing "formative assessment" in the classroom. There are three copies in the library, 2 in each division office, and another 80 copies distributed to individuals on campus.   
  If you have reviewed this text, you know that there is a "Teaching Goals Inventory"(TGI). University of Iowa has a link where you can take the TGI online and it will generate a report for you, so you can better select assessment techniques that will complement your teaching style. TGI Link: [http://www.uiowa.edu/~centeach/tgi/](http://www.uiowa.edu/%7Ecenteach/tgi/)
* [Teaching Reference List](http://www.canadacollege.edu/inside/slo/assessmentzonevideo/Teacher%20Reference%20collection%202007.xlsx) - a listing of current books on various aspects of teaching that are housed in Cañada's library, in the last row of bookstacks. There are some real gems here, with everything from big-picture suggestions to detailed examples of assignments and assessments. Need some inspiration for changes? Start here.

### Other Links

* [9 Principles of Good Practice for Assessing Student Learning](http://www.iuk.edu/~koctla/assessment/9principles.shtml) posted by Indiana University. The basic principles of assessment that are widely held up as the ideal. Other pages by their Institute of Teaching, Learning, and Assessement are worthwhile, too.
* The Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges  
  <http://accjc.org/>
* The Research and Planning Group for California Community Colleges  
  <http://rpgroup.org/>
* Internet Resources for Higher Education Outcomes Assessment.   
  <http://www2.acs.ncsu.edu/UPA/assmt/resource.htm>

### References

A Guidebook to Student Learning Outcomes and Administrative Unit Outcomes.